

Poliuretano® Spray

S-403E-W, S-403E-P, S-403E-S

Isocianato
H

DESCRIPTION

Poliuretano® Spray are two-component polyurethane systems (polyol and isocyanate) formulated to obtain closed-cell rigid foams to be sprayed-in-place for thermal insulation.

Poliuretano® Spray systems contain approved ecological foaming agents (HFCs) that are not ODP (Ozone Depletion Potential) and are mainly used to obtain excellent thermal insulation.



AENOR N CERTIFICATION



Poliuretano® Spray systems, composed of **S-403E-W, S-403E-P y S-403E-S** have been awarded with the **AENOR N Certificate** to product quality for thermal insulation materials and their use in building, according to the contract number: 020/000186.



COMPONENTS

COMPONENT A: **Poliuretano Spray S-403E**
Mixture of polyols containing catalysts, flame-retardants and foaming agents.

COMPONENT B: **ISOCIANATO H**
MDI polymeric (Methane diphenyl diisocyanate).

USES

Poliuretano® Spray systems are applied by spraying with a high pressure equipment fitted with heating, with a mixing ration of 1:1 in volume. Their main applications are the thermal insulation of building closings, houses (partitioning), industrial buildings, farms, etc with a moulded density of 43 to 53 g/l.

Advantages in Application:

- Total suppression of thermal bridges. The insulation presents neither joints nor cracks, since it is a continuous insulation.
- Good adherence to the substrate. No glues or adhesives are needed for the installation.
- Possibility of insulation and waterproofing in a single process. This characteristic is due to its closed-cell and watertight structure, as well as its continuous application, which means that no joints are formed.
- Mobility. It is possible to get to any site quickly without having to transport or store bulky products such as other insulating material.
- Cavity-sealing for sound insulation – absorption.
- Increase of the living area compared with other insulating material.

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CONDITIONS OF USES

For the preparation and application of Poliuretano® Spray systems, the ATEPA Rules on the Application of Insulating Material should be taken into consideration. (www.aisla.org).

Cavitations of the pumps may cause a decompensation of the polyol mixture/isocyanate ratio producing a foam with poor quality. In order to avoid such a problem, equipment suppliers recommend the use of separate pumps.

The surfaces must be clean, dry and free of dust and grease to ensure good adherence of the foam to the substrate; if the substrate is metallic it must also be free of oxide and rust. A suitable primer is recommended to guarantee good adherence on metal substrates.

The foam performance is influenced by a great number of factors which are listed below:

- Weather conditions: temperature and humidity of the atmosphere and the substrate surface, as well as other environmental factors (wind, etc.)
- Adjustment of the machinery, a proper ratio.
- Application type: vertical, horizontal, roofs.
- Application process: coat thickness, varnish application.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Coat thickness is perfectly controllable and can be modified by varying the speed of application and/or the gun mixing chamber; thickness should be between 10 and 20mm. It must be taken into account that the foam performance is greater the lower the number of coats applied for the same thickness. Nevertheless, it is not convenient to apply thicknesses above 20 mm, in order to avoid blistering and problems that may take place due a high exothermic reaction.

On cold surfaces, the first coat takes longer to react and growth is not usually 100%. Whereby, in these cases, the first coat should be a varnish for a heat development, which should heat the substrate providing a proper foaming of the second coat.

The recommended temperature in hoses is 30 to 50°C, depending on the weather conditions. The minimum recommended substrate temperature during spraying is 5°C.

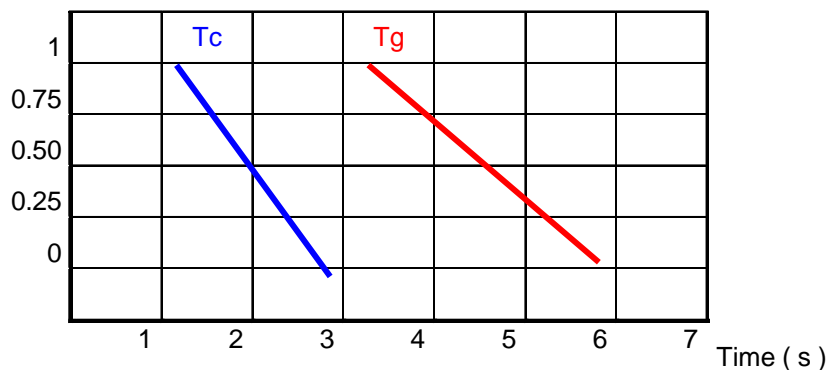
In certain unfavourable atmospheric conditions (cold substrates, low temperature, high humidity, etc.) it is advisable and approved the addition of about 1% to 2% of **Activator 7014** in the polyol, in this case the drum must be mechanically agitated to provide an appropriate homogenisation (varying the cream time **-tc-** and gel time **-tg-** according to the % of activator added, see attached graphic).

The addition of any type of catalyst other than the catalyst approved by Synthesia Internacional, S.L.U. is neither recommended nor authorised since it may affect the characteristics of the foam and produce unevenness in the process.

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% Activador



PROTECTION OF THE FOAM

Rigid PUR foams applied outdoors are darkened and brittle by the action of UV radiation. Thus, all foams that are to be used in these conditions must be protected with a suitable coating (acrylics, butyl rubber, vinyl, asphalt, mono and bi-component polyurethanes, etc.) Synthesia Internacional, S.L.U., supplies an acrylic coating (AQ 3300), and urethane bi-components POLIURETAN® URESPRAY (System F-75 and F-100). The ideal coating is one which meets the following requirements:

- a.- Physical properties:
 - Resistance to atmospheric and chemical agents.
 - Good tensile strength.
 - Good foam adherence.
 - Resistance to UV radiation.
- b.- Regarding the application:
 - Fast drying.
 - Possibility of spray gun application.

COMPONENTS CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristics	Units	H	S-403 E
Specific weight 25°C	g/cm ³	1,23	1,12
Viscosity 25° C	mPa.s	230	325
NCO content	%	31	-

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SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

Measured in a test beaker at 22°C, in the indicated mixing ratio. The test is carried out according to our standard (MANS-01) which is in accordance to the AENOR N CERTIFICATE method.

Mixing Ratio A / B: 100/100 in volume
 100/100 ± 4 in weight

Characteristics	Units	S-403 E-W	S-403 E-P	S-403 E-S
Cream time	s	3 ±1	3 ±1	3 ±1
Gel time	s	6 ±2	6 ±2	7 ±2
Tack free time	s	8 ±3	8 ±3	9 ±3
Free density	g / l	40 ±3	40 ±3	40 ±3

FOAM SPECIFICATIONS

Characteristics	Units	S-403E
Apparent Core Density	EN 1602	kg/m ³ 43-53
Closed Cell Content	ISO-4590	% ≥90
Compressive strength	EN 826	KPa ≥300
Bending Strength	UNE 53204	Kg/cm ² 4
Deflection		mm 15
Thermal resistance and thermal conductivity	EN 12667 EN 12939	See performance chart
Reaction to fire	EN 13501-1 DIN 4102	Euroclass Class E ⁽¹⁾ B2
Water permeability (W)	EN 1609	Kg/m ² ≤0,2
Water vapour permeability (μ)	EN 12086	- ≥80
Results of impermeability to Water ⁽²⁾	UNE-EN 1928:2000	Satisfactory

⁽¹⁾ Result of valid test for any applied thickness (60 mm of thickness)

⁽²⁾ Certificate issued by CIDEMCO Laboratory included in file reference Num: 12.462.

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Performance chart

Sprayed insulation foam product CCC4 system. Diffusion open faces.

e_p	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65
λ _D	0,028	0,028	0,028	0,028	0,028	0,028	0,028	0,028	0,028
R _D	0,90	1,05	1,25	1,40	1,60	1,80	1,95	2,15	2,30
e_p	70	75	80	85	90	95	100	105	110
λ _D	0,028	0,028	0,027	0,027	0,027	0,027	0,027	0,027	0,027
R _D	2,5	2,7	3,00	3,20	3,40	3,55	3,75	3,95	4,15
e_p	115	120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155
λ _D	0,027	0,026	0,026	0,026	0,026	0,026	0,026	0,026	0,026
R _D	4,30	4,70	4,90	5,1	5,3	5,45	5,65	5,85	6,05
e_p	160	165	170	175	180	185	190	195	200
λ _D	0,026	0,026	0,026	0,026	0,026	0,026	0,026	0,026	0,026
R _D	6,25	6,45	6,65	6,85	7,05	7,25	7,45	7,65	7,85

e_p Thickness; mm

λ_D Declared aged thermal conductivity; (W/mK)

R_D Thermal resistance level; (m²K/W)

FIRE REACTION TEST

Characteristics	Unit	S-403E-W
FIRE reaction UNE 23727	Class	M3
	Thickness	60 mm with 7 mm naturvex support
*FIRE reaction UNE EN 13501-01	Euroclass	E
	Thickness	Valid for any thickness

* Certificates issued by GAIKER included in report references: P-10-12138 and Applus n° 15-9670-44-1/2

SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Poliuretano® Spray system does not represent significant risks if handled properly. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. The instruction given in the Safety Data Sheet must be followed during the manufacturing and handling of the system.

SUPPLY

Normally, the product is supplied in non-returnable steel drums of 220 litres (blue for Component A and black for Component B).

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STORAGE RECOMEMNDATIONS

VERY IMPORTANT: Poliuretano® Spray system components are sensitive to humidity and must be stored in hermetically sealed drums or containers. **The storage temperature must be kept between +15 and +25°C.** Lower temperatures considerably increase the polyol viscosity, rendering it difficult to apply, and may build up crystallizations in the isocyanate. Higher temperatures may cause alterations in the polyol, loss of blowing agent, greater consumption and swelling of the drum, as well as uncontrolled foaming when the pump nozzle is placed into the drum. In order to avoid the latter, it is recommended to have the drums set-down for a certain period in a ventilated and fresh place before using them.

In case the drums are supplied with white plastic caps, special care should be taken during the handling of these caps as they are more fragile than the metallic ones and could be deformed.

To maintain the aforementioned characteristics of the systems, the drums should be hermetically sealed when not in use.

Properly stored, the self life is 4 months component A; and 9 months for Component B (isocyanate).

ANNEX: APPLICATION TROUBLESHOOTING

Our Technical and Commercial service will provide you with guidance in any queries you may have on the preparation of this product. Nevertheless, some problems that may appear during the process are outlined below.

Problem	Possible cause	Solution
Uneven atomisation.	Gun needle wrongly adjusted or dirt in the mixing chamber.	Adjust the position. Clean the chamber.
Atomisation with colour streaks.	Bad mixing due to obstruction of components or differences in viscosity.	Check pressures, fix obstruction. Adjust and increase temperatures.
Poor and closed atomisation.	High component viscosities. Cold atmosphere.	Increase temperatures and pressures.
Atomisation too open and forming mist.	Too much air in gun tip. Excessive mixing pressure.	Reduce air passage. Reduce the pressure a little.
The material takes too long to react, it falls off.	Cold surface.	Increase hose heating.
Material too fast, uneven finishing with mist.	Pressure excess.	Reduce air pressure in the gun and mixture.
The material is granulated as it gets on the surface and it is obstructing the gun.	Temperature excess.	Reduce hose heating.
Blistering.	Coatings thickness higher than 20mm.	Apply thinner coatings.